FACT SHEET: DIFFERENCES BETWEEN 2019 SHP RFP AND 2022 SHP RFP

This chart reflects key changes in RFP methodology from 2019 to 2022. Those changes resulted in a decision that relied on arbitrary criteria, limited information, and a distorted scoring system.

Summary of Changes	2019	2022
Cost Proposal: Less detailed analysis of cost proposals	Evaluated each vendor's cost proposals on a <i>10,000</i> -point scale.	Evaluated each vendor's cost proposal on a <i>10</i> -point scale.
Cost Proposal: Did not clearly define how costs proposals would be assessed	Stated that the State Health Plan (Plan) would award the maximum number of points to the vendor with the "lowest total cost[,] with others receiving points proportionately."	Stated that Plan would award maximum number of points to the vendor "offering the <i>most competitive cost proposal</i> , with others receiving points proportionately," but did not explain how the committee evaluating each vendor's proposal would decide which was "most competitive."
Technical Proposal: Significant reduction in the amount of technical information collected	 Provided the ability to offer narrative responses to technical questions which allowed for a more thorough evaluation Finalist presentations - Required 	 Prohibited narrative responses. Vendors could only give a binary "Confirm" or "Does Not Confirm" response to each question. Finalist presentation – Not available
Technical Proposal: Oversimplified and reduced point scale	Each vendor's responses to the Plan's technical questions would be scored on a 10,000-point scale, just as the cost proposals were.	Used a 310-point scale, with one point being awarded based solely on the response to each of the 310 yes-or-no technical questions in the RFP.
Increased the importance of cost scores, decreased the level of financial analysis	Cost proposal accounted for 40% of each vendor's final overall score. Technical proposal accounted for the remaining 60%.	Cost proposals and technical proposals each worth 50% of total score. (The 2022 RFP therefore increased the importance of cost scores, while decreasing the ability to measure differences in each vendor's cost proposal.)
Eliminated North Carolina resources preference	Stated a preference for vendors "with resources in North Carolina."	Does not state a preference for a vendor with North Carolina resources.